- P. agrostoides Spreng. N. E. Bot. Club; Rhodora 3: 101 (1901).
- P. depauperatum Muhl. Gray; N. E. Bot. Club; Rhodora 3: 107 (1901).
 - P. linearifolium Scribn. Rhodora 3: 108 (1901).
 - P. dichotomum L.
 - P. lucidum Ashe.
- P. spretum Schultes. N. E. Bot. Club; Hitchc. & Chase, N. Am. Sp. Pan. 202 (1910).
- P. huachucae, Var. silvicola H. & C.: Hitchc. & Chase, l. c., 217 (1910).
 - P. implicatum Scribn.
 - P. oricola H. & C.
 - P. subvillosum Ashe. Gray; Hitchc. & Chase, l. c., 228 (1910).
 - P. tennesseense Ashe. N. E. Bot. Club (Clarke specimen).
 - P. languidum H. & C.
 - P. tsugetorum Nash.
 - P. columbianum Scribn.
 - P. sphaerocarpon Ell. Gray.
 - P. Ashei Pearson.
 - P. Scribnerianum Nash. Gray; Rhodora 3: 113 (1901).
- P. clandestinum L. N. E. Bot. Club (a? fragment); Rhodora 3: 110 (1901).

This list is, of course, a very incomplete one of the Panicum of Essex County, but it may prove of some interest and may also lead others who have collected in this county to report their finds.

CAMBRIDGE, MASSACHUSETTS.

A Third Station in Vermont for Cyperus Houghtonii.— In an article in Rhodora for July, 1903, I told of my discovery of the second station for Cyperus Houghtonii Torr. in Vermont in 1901. Dr. Ezra Brainerd, who identified the plants for me, expressed doubt at the time as to it being native since it occurred but a few rods from a railroad. But during the past season his doubts were removed by the finding by himself of a third station for the plant in Castleton. This last station is so far from a railroad as to make him feel assured that the species is indigenous. It is in the same habitat as the stations spoken of in my article referred to above, dry shifting sand.— Nellie F. Flynn, Burlington, Vermont.